IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1 and 2, and add new claim 9 as follows:

- (Cuttently Amended) A method of amplifying an envelope-defective retrovirus comprising:
- (a) integrating a transgene encoding a virus envelope into the genome of a cell to produce an indicator cell;
- (b) contacting the indicator cell produced in step (a) with an a vector batch to be screened for presence of exogenous envelope-defective retrovirus,

wherein virus envelope encoded by said gene complements said retrovirus.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said virus envelope is incorporated by a virus particle produced by said indicator cell further comprising determining the amount of envelope-defective recombinant viral particles present in the vector batch.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said virus envelope is expressed by said indicator cell.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the virus envelope gene is vesicular stomatitis virus protein G (VSVG).

- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the retrovirus comprises an immunodeficiency virus.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the retrovirus comprises human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein expression of the envelope gene is controlled by an inducible promoter.
 - 8. (Withdrawn) A method of detecting envelope-defective retrovirus comprising:
 - (a) amplifying an envelope-defective retrovirus by the method of claim 1; and
 - (b) detecting presence of recombinant viral particles produced by the indicator cell.
- 9. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein an inoculum of viral particles encapsidating an envelope-defective construct at a level of < 20 fg p24 equivalent in a 15 day incubation period is amplified to a detectable level.